27.—Coal Output, Exports, Imports, and Made Available for Consumption in Canada, 1945

Grade	Canadia	an Coal	Imported Coal ¹	Coal Made Available for	
Grade	Output	Exported		Consumption	
Anthracite Bituminous. Sub-bituminous. Lignite	short tons Nil 11, 774, 164 3, 199, 554 1, 532, 995	short tons Nil 823,710 Nil 16,998	short tons 3,411,424 21,176,811 Nil 467	short tons 3,411,424 32,127,265 3,199,554 1,516,464	
Totals	16,505,713	840,708	24,588,702	40,254,707	

Nore.-For details by provinces, see the Annual Report on Coal Statistics for Canada.

¹ Coal reaching Canadian ports whether or not it is cleared from customs.

Subsection 2.-Natural Gas

The producing natural gas wells in Eastern Canada are in southwestern Ontario, and near Moncton, N.B. In Western Canada the principal producing fields are in Alberta and include the Turner Valley (about 35 miles southwest of Calgary), Medicine Hat, Viking (about 80 miles southeast of Edmonton), Redcliff, Foremost, Bow Island and Wetaskiwin. Wainwright, Alta., is supplied with gas from the Maple Leaf Well in the Fabyan field. Near Lloydminster, in Saskatchewan, a well was brought into production during 1934 and there was a substantial increase in 1946 in output from this area. In 1946, Alberta was credited with 62 p.c. of the total value and 86 p.c. of the total quantity, while Ontario produced over 35 p.c. of the value and over 12 p.c. of the total quantity

28.-Quantities and Values of Natural Gas Produced, by Provinces, 1936-46

Norg.—For the years 1892-1919, see the Annual Report on the Mineral Production of Canada, 1928, p. 188; for the years 1920-28 see p. 347 of the 1940 Canada Year Book; and for 1929-35, p. 350 of the 1946 edition.

Year	New Brunswick		Ontario		Alberta		Canada ¹	
	M cu. ft.	\$	M cu. ft.	\$	M cu. ft.	\$	M cu. ft.	\$
936	606,246	298,819	10,006,743	6,052,294	17,407,820	4,376,720	28, 113, 348	10, 762, 24
1938	577.492	283,922 284,689	10,746,334 10,952,806	6,588,798 6,469,764	20, 955, 506 21, 822, 108	4,766,437 4,807,346	32,380,991 33,444,791	11,674,80
1939 1940	616.041	292,403 300,543	11,966,581 13,053,403	7,261,928 7,745,834	22, 513, 660 27; 459, 808	4,915,821 4,923,469	35, 185, 146 41, 232, 125	12,507,30 13,000,593
941 942	619,380	317,437 299,688	11,828,703 10,476,770	7,140,130 6,809,901	30,905,440 34,482,585	5,175,364 6,146,146	43,495,353 45,697,359	12,665,11 13,301,65
1943 1944	675,029 702,464	327,787 341,636	7,914,408 7,082,508	6,543,913 4,694,097	35,569,078 37,161,570	6,241,815 6,339,817	44,276,216 45,067,158	13, 159, 41, 11, 422, 54
1945 1946 ²	653,230 512,000	317,568 251,000	7,199,970	4, 837, 586	40,393,061 40,189,000	7,095,910 7,033,000	48,411,585	12,309,56

¹ Totals for Canada include small amounts produced in Saskatchewan and the Northwest Territories. ² Subject to revision.

Subsection 3.-Petroleum

A brief account of the development of the petroleum industry in Canada is given at pp. 266-267 of the 1941 Year Book. The development of oil production in the Northwest Territories is covered in the 1943-44 edition, pp. 316-317.